

# The Hillsborough Recorder

J. D. CAMERON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TRUTH FEARS NO FOE, AND SHUNS NO SCRUTINY.

(TERMS—\$2.50 A YEAR, INvariably IN ADVANCE)

New Series—Vol. 2 No. 3—1873.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. J.

NOVEMBER 19, 1873.

—Old Series, Vol. 5

**RADWAY'S READY RELIEF**  
CURES THE WORST PAINS  
in From One to Twenty Minutes.  
NOT ONE HOUR

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF  
A CURE FOR  
EVERY PAIN.

The Only Pain Remedy  
that Cures the most severe Pains  
in From One to Twenty Minutes.

Are now receiving their Fall Stock of



FALL. FALL.

1873. 1873.

NEW GOODS.  
HICKSON & TYACK,

DANVILLE, V. I.

Are now receiving their Fall Stock of

**Dry Goods,**

Recently purchased in the best Northern Markets, and embracing all the latest styles of Dress Goods, Fancy Goods and Novelties, BLEACHED & BROWN DOMESTICS, Blankets, Shawls, Bed-Quilts, Bed-Spreads, Cassimores, Kentucky Jeans,

and all the fabrics of the CLOTHING-VILLE WOOLEN MILLS.

We supply an judy celebrated for durability. We have added very largely this season to our stock of

**BOOTS and SHOES**

And have selected these goods with great care being able to warrant every pair sold.

Our assortment of CARPETS, RUGS, and Floor Oil Cloth, Done Mat &c., is unequalled and prices are very much lower than last year for same quality goods. In the

CROCKERY & GLASS-WARE STORE.

We have added largely to the assortment, and are exhibiting a beautiful variety of FANCY PAINTED Chamber Sets, Printef-TOILET SETS, TEA SETS, in plain china and gold-laid, Fancy Vases, Knives and Forks, Counters, Window Sashes, &c.

IN THE GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

We keep always on hand

Sugars, Tea, Coffees, Bacon, Flour,

Leather, Salt, &c., at the lowest market price.

IN THE FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

We have received a nice lot of Walnut

Bed-Steads and Bureaus

from the WEST, at prices very much below those originally asked. We have also a beautiful assortment of

Walnut Chamber Sets, Fancy Painted Sets

Chairs, Wash-Stands, Bed-Steads, &c.

We confidently refer to the above stock as being

superior to any we have ever offered and we ask our friends

and the public to give a call before purchasing.

HICKSON & TYACK.

1873.

New Drug Store.

WILTEDGE'S OLD CORNER.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. J.

We undesigned respectfully inform the

Physicians and citizens of Orange and the surrounding parishes, that we are

now opening a large and full assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

In Hillsborough the above well known stand.

He fatters himself from his long experience in the business, that will be able to meet the wants

of the people in his line.

All prescriptions carefully prepared by himself

DAY OR NIGHT.

Having been for many years a citizen of your

town, Dr. Wm. A. Hays, has

been a member of the firm of Wm. A. Hays & Son.

A few boxes of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the

body from all sorts of diseases. Price, 25c.

READ "FAITH AND TRUTH." Send me letter

to RADWAY'S, 25 Broad Street, New York. Radway's Pills will be sent you.

**Dr. Greene, Lindley & Bentley's**  
Great Family Medicines,  
Prepared expressly for and adapted to the

Southern climate.

"Compound Extract Cordial," is the

most powerful and most effective Remedy for

Secondary Symptoms. Eruptions on the skin, &c.

and all diseases which are produced by heat and

humidity.

"Dr. Greene's Fit Cure," cures all

kinds of Fits, Spasms and Convulsions,

Surf Throat and all diseases of the Air-passages

and Lungs. It does not sicken the patient, is

pleasant to take, prompt in its action, does not

injure the appetite or impairs digestion as most

other stomachicals do.

Our "Neurastia Specific" is a perfect

specific for Nervous Soreness, Rheumatism, &

all internal and nervous parts wherever situated.

These Reagents are prepared with great care

from perfectly reliable drugs, and for the especial

classes of diseases named upon each bottle.

No one of them is claimed as "sure all."

They are identically the same which we have used in

practice for years, and in the results commanding

the entire confidence of all who have used them.

They are safe and efficient, acting quickly

and thoroughly. Try them and you will want

no others. Ask your Druggist for them.

For sale by Druggists generally. Prepared on

by

**DR. GREENE, LINDLEY & BENTLEY,**

Charlotte, N. C.

N. B.—Cancers, Tumors and Ulcers

treated as heretofore by

"King's Great Cancer Antidote,"

at Charlotte, Goldsboro and Asheville.

**SUICIDE OF NINE CHINESE GIRLS.**—A recent China newspaper publishes the following account of an incident which is reported to have taken place at Whampoa :

Nine young girls, living with their parents, brothers, sisters, and other relatives in the village, seem to have entered an aversion to married life. Seeing the misery and toil to which the members of the families with whom they lived were subjected and above all the slave-like obedience of wives to the wills of their husbands, the damsels in question came to the resolution of putting an end to their earthly careers, which is here carried into effect by a different modus operandi to that of opium-poisoning in vogue in Hong Kong. The nine damsels met by appointment on the bank of the river, at the entrance of one of the creeks in the vicinity of "Brown's Fully," attired in heavy winter garments, which they had sewn all together in order to prevent a separation. While thus united in body, heart and mind the damsels plunged into the deep. As this happened close to the time of the festival of the seven female genii, who descended from heaven and are called the "seven sisters," all sorts of superstitious conclusions are drawn from it.

He thought upon the friends of his youth, and how they, better and more fortunate than he, were now good men, at peace with themselves—teachers of wisdom to others, fathers of blessed families, torch-bearers for the world—and he exclaimed, "Oh! and I also, had I but willed it, I also might, like them, have seen with tearless eyes and tranquil heart, this night depart into eternity! Oh, my dear father—my dear, dear mother! I, even I, might have been now happy, had I but hearkened to your affectionate admonitions—had I but

"Do you know," said M. Fall, "why man is the most suffering of creatures? It is because he has one foot in the finite, the other in the infinite, and that is a terrible position to be in, when you are finite. The world is finite and efficient, acting quickly and thoroughly. Try them and you will want

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chosen to profit by the blessings which on this your returning New Year's Morn like this your tenderness led you to invoke on my head."

Amid these feverish reminiscences of the month, it appeared to him as though the spectre which had assumed his features in the charnel-house gradually approached nearer and nearer to him—losing, however, as it advanced, one trait after another of its spectral character—still at length, as it under the dominion of that supernatural influence which on the last night of the old year is popularly said to compel even the dead to undergo a change of form, it took the appearance of a living young man—the same young man that he had himself been fifty years before.

He was unable to gaze any longer; he covered his face with his hands; and, as the blistering tears gushed from his eyes, he sank down, powerless and trembling on his knees—and he cried out, as if his heart would break, "O, come back to me, lost days of my youth!—come back, some back to me once more!"

And the supplication of the penitent was not in vain, for they came back to him, those days of his youth, not yet lost! He started from his bed—the blue moonbeams were shining in through the windows—the midnight chimes were announcing the beginning of a new year. Yet—all had been but an appalling dream—all, except his sins and his transgressions: these, alas! were but too real, for conscience, even in sleep, is a fearful monitor. But he was still young—he had not grown old. In iniquity—and with tears of repentance he thanked God for having, even by means of a terrible vision, awakened in his heart a feeling of horror for the criminal career he had been pursuing, and for having revealed to him in that glimpse of a land full of sunbeams, harvests, and angelic spirits, the blissful goal in which, if he pleased, the path his existence might yet terminate.

Youthful reader! on which of these two paths art thou? On the right-hand path? Go forward, then with the blessings of thy Maker, and fear nothing!—Go the left-hand path? If so, pause before thou art warned—turn while yet thou mayest, retrace thy steps—make a happier choice! I will pray that the terrors of this ghastly Dream may not hereafter be arrayed in judgment against thee!—Alas! for thee, if the time ever comes when thou shalt call aloud in thy despair, "Come back, ye precious days of my youth!—unlike the dreamer, thou wilt be mocked by the barren echo of thy own lamentation—the precious days of youth will never, never come back to thee!—MANGAN.

## A TERRIBLE HAZARD.

A game of cards in which a human life was at stake was played on the 9th of Sept. at the Ritter Hotel, Heidelberg, by four young students, one of whom, Siffred Meyer, was an American, from Chicago. It appears that the four men had formerly been intimate friends, and they met, it seems, on the above day at the Swan Tavern, where they drank a good deal, and finally began to quarrel. One of them, Count Ottendorf, called Meyer a cowardly Jew, whereupon the latter promptly challenged him. Ottendorf accepted the challenge immediately. Meyer, in a tone of great exultation, proposed that all four should repair to the Ritter Hotel and there play a game of "sixty-six." The loser should shoot himself with a pistol.

The proposition was accepted, and the four students repaired to the hotel. They ordered wine and cards to be brought up to a private room, and Ludeken, one of the four, procured two loaded pistols from a neighboring armorer. The fourth student dealt the cards, and Ottendorf and Meyer seated themselves, a pistol lying by the side of each. The first few minutes the game remained almost even. But then Meyer obtained a single advantage, and Ottendorf, seeing that he was lost, suddenly jumped up, and, exclaiming, "Aide, my friend," seized his pistol and shot himself through the right temple.

He fell a corpse to the floor, while his companions stood as if petrified for a moment, and then hurried from the room. When the proprietor of the hotel hastened into the room he found the dead Count lying on the floor. He gave an alarm, and the police started soon after in pursuit of the fugitive students. Late in the afternoon they succeeded in arresting Imlrich, who made the above statement. Meyer and Ludeken escaped across the French frontier. Ottendorf was the son of a wealthy landed proprietor in Westphalia. At the time of his death he was only nineteen.

The Bath county (Ky.) News makes the statement that it takes exactly 211 pounds of flesh and blood, thirty-two yards of yellow ribbon, twelve pounds of cotton, twenty-four copies of the News, sixteen feet of horse-hair, thirty-two ounces of flour, two boxes of red paint, and a bottle of night-blooming roses to prepare the average mountain girl for church.

A melting sermon being preached in a country church, all wept except one man, who being asked why he did not weep with the rest, replied: "I belong to another church."

It is the happiest and most virtuous state of society, in which the husband and wife set out early together, rank their property together, and, with perfect sympathy of soul graduate all their expenses, plans calculations and desires, with reference to their present means, and to their future and common interest. Nothing delights me more than to enter the new little tenement of the young couple, who within perhaps, two or three years, without any resources but their own knowledge or industry, have joined heart and hand, and engaged to share together the responsibilities, duties, interest, trials and pleasures of life.

Drunken leaders—them and drunken rings manipulated them.

Drunken Legislators made their laws and drunken judges administered them.

Preschers, drunk with sectional hate, preached and drunken congregations listened and applauded.

A drunken Cossar vomited in the White House and drunken sycophants swallowed in the vomit and called him great.

Drunken Senators staggered into their seats in the Senate chamber, while their drunken prostitutes smiled on them from the galleries.

Nero, drunk, bidding and revelling in the palace at Rome, was a companion to this American Radical drunk.

In the frenzy of their drunkenness they waged war on the defenseless South, and sent down a gang of drunken adventurers and ruffians to rob and oppress her.

And they did rob and oppress her, foist corrupt sets from the drunken rabble into her legislative halls, into her judicial places, into her gubernatorial chairs, and above all, into the sober intelligence of those who would not get drunk with them.

They rioted in the plunder they captured and had a jolly time while the spes last.

But this big drunk had to be paid for as sober people said it would. It couldn't last always. And after the excitement of the big drunk was over, and the bills came in, they began to think somebody had played pretty big fool and paid pretty heavily for twenty years.

They filled the community with bachelors, who are waiting to make their fortune, endangering virtue and promoting vice: it destroys the true economy and design of the domestic institution, and it promotes idleness and inefficiency among females, who are expecting to be taken up by a fortune, and passively sustained without any care or concern on their part; and thus may a wife become 'not a help-mate, but a help-eat.'—Window.

CRIMINAL LAW

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 12, 1873.

THE LEGISLATURE.

This body assembled in Raleigh on Monday morning, a quorum being present. The Governor's Message was read, and referred. At the present writing we have no information of interest to communicate.

THE INJUNCTION.

The financial circles of the State have been aroused by a bold stroke made by the holders of the special tax bonds to obtain a recognition of their validity through the U. S. Courts, by the instrumentality of Judge Bond. This functionary granted an injunction on the application of a man named Self, which was served on the public Treasurer, restraining him from paying out certain monies in hand, being an amount sufficient to cover the sum collected as interest on bonds issued in favor of certain Rail Roads, which bonds come under the general name of special tax bonds.

These sums had been paid into the Treasury under the existing laws recognizing the validity of the bonds or before there was a question before the Courts as to their validity.

At the session of 1871, the Treasurer of the State, under authority of the Legislature, appropriated these sums to the general purposes of the government.

We shall see whether the Legislature is going to be driven into measures, and whether it will submit its own fixed convictions to the dictation of outside control. Of one thing, the Legislature may be assured, and that is the support of the people and the aid of the best legal talent in the State. There is no one thing upon which public opinion is more unalterably made up, than upon a resistance to the payment of these iniquitous obligations.

COL. HUMPHREY'S SCHEME.

The Goldsboro Messenger says that he has seen the draft of a bill to be presented by Col. L. W. Humphrey, Senator from Wayne, having in view the settlement of the Debt of the State. As the Bill will soon be submitted to the Legislature, it will be inexpedient to review in detail an imperfect abstract. We will say this much however, and that is, that we approve a leading idea in the proposed bill, the utter ignoring of the illegal obligations resting upon the State, and which should be the leading principle in every proposition to settle the Debt of the State. Justice to honest creditors to the extent of the ability of the State, and a total disregard to all false claims, however worded or presented.

Even the just, recognized debt, must be some the subject of compromise, for it cannot be claimed that the State is able to pay the whole amount, even of these. How hopeless then to regard the payment of dishonestly imposed obligations, as within the bounds of possibility.

So far as we see, the scheme of Col. Humphrey's is practicable and practical.

A WARLIKE LOOKOUT.

Within the last week a new cloud has risen above the horizon which may at any time burst in War, and involve this country with a foreign foe. The affair of the Virginian has become more serious, and as each additional item of horror is added to the dismal story, a more wide spread sentiment of indignation develops, demanding vengeance and punishment for such barbarities.

With the question of international law, even if we felt competent to discuss it, we will have nothing to do, simply because there is much to be developed, which may materially affect the issue. But upon the main facts, the one upon which the public attention is now fixed, every one may speak. Every one will find an utterance for that universal voice of nature which cries out in horror at this cruel outrage upon her sensibilities. The wholesale, prompt and vindictive slaughter of sixty five men, without regard to arts or motives, will not only find no defenders, but will unite a general purpose of punishment upon the barbarous executioners.

Whatever may have been the original intentions of the Spanish Home government in its dealings with the prisoners, is not known. Certain it is, that it intended and ordered delay. These orders were either disregarded, and treated with contempt, or they were not received in time to prevent the catastrophe. If the first, the Spanish Government owes it to the civilized world to bring its recusant subordinates to prompt and condign punishment. If it does not do that, it becomes *particeps criminis*, an approver of the act, an enemy to the human race, and those powers who are really civilized owe a duty to humanity to inflict such punishment as will be a guarantee against the repetition of such monstrous barbarities.

What the course of the American Gov-

ernment may be, is not known beyond the increase of the squadrons in the Cuban waters. That may or may not mean war. One thing is certain, and that is, the government would have the hearty endorsement of the whole nation. It is a quarrel not of its making; one not waged, or at least not begun, for conquest, but one taken up for the cause of a general and an outraged humanity, and one therefore which will bring to its standard the joint support of the North and the South, the East and the West.

CAUSES AND CONSEQUENCES.

Mr. T. T. Brooks, late President of the Merchants National Bank of Petersburg was arrested on the morning of the 13th inst., on a warrant issued by the U. S. Commissioner, charged with embedding from that institution the sum of one hundred thousand dollars.

Among the various causes which have combined to produce the present troubles, is this one of the dishonesty of bank officers. From the wide spread character of the evil, it appears that the checks devised to restrain it, are worthless, and from the magnitude of the temptation, and the easy escape from punishment, the tendency to repetition and imitation is increased. There has not been among the scores of cases, a single instance of adequate punishment, and while moral sentiment is so low, and the power of money, as an instrument of corruption so great, there is no encouragement to expect improvement.

It may truly be said that the nice distinctions between right and wrong, were never more completely obliterated than now, and that there never was a time in human history, when villainy met with so ready applause, and when it found as friendly a shield in the venality of juries, or as safe a refuge in the depravity of public opinion.

It may be, there will in time come a turn in the tide; when men will be roused to some sense of shame, and learn again to reverence the old fashioned name of honesty; when they will again be content with honest gains, and learn to value that which is the fruit of patient accumulation. And surely, if the examples of the evaporation of the colossal fortunes of those so lately dominant in the financial history of the country; of those before whom the wealth of Croesus paled into insignificance, of those whose fortunes at length vanished like a dream; of those whose fortunes grew up to their enormous magnitude, the combined result of fraud violence and rapacity; of those whose sudden downfall from their elevation of control, will be taken as a warning against the vanity of riches, and the curse of ill gotten gains, then the days of modesty, honesty and moderation may return.

President Castor has had a high repute not only as a scholar and Orator, but as a gentleman. It is announced that he is on intimate terms with Sickness. His reputation is at stake. Who imposed Ban upon the unsophisticated and unsuspecting foreigner?

A large meeting of the working people was held in Philadelphia on Monday. It was shown that there were 40,000 workmen out of employ.

Yellow fever still lingers in Memphis, and scarcely a day passes without a death. They are old cases, however, and the business of the city is resumed, and the wanderers have all returned.

Hon. S. B. Mallory, Confederate Secretary of the Navy, recently died in Pensacola.

There is a judgment, united with seal, which promises to make this Fair one of the most useful held in the State, and if it should fall short of expectation, it will be the result of causes beyond the control of the managers.

We hope many of our citizens will be induced to go up, as we can assure them of a pleasant time, and the Rail Road will extend all necessary facilities.

COTTON MARKET.

No change to note in last week's operations, and no indications of improving tendency. The New York market at the close of the week was weak with sales on Saturday of 958 bales at 15 $\frac{1}{2}$  to 15 $\frac{1}{4}$ .

Norfolk market somewhat firm. Low middlings 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Raleigh 13. Wilmington 12 $\frac{1}{2}$  to 13.

Gold 109, 109 $\frac{1}{2}$ .

It is said that the smallpox prevails dreadfully at Rio, and the Coffee trade is at a stand still. An immense accumulation of coffee has taken place, the immediate consequence of which will be high prices here, with subsequent heavy decline.

Samuel Adams, organist of a Methodist Church in Brooklyn dropped dead while playing during the services.

Seven hundred men have been put to work on the Iron-clads, Ajax and Manhattan at Philadelphia in preparation for Cuban emergencies.

Official confirmation has been received at Washington of the execution of 57 men of the crew of the Virginian, among whom were 17 British subjects. The British Legation has received the same information.

TOBACCO MARKET.

There was only a moderate demand for Virginia tobacco last week, and the sales that came to our notice were chiefly for shipment, manufacturers evincing little or no disposition to operate beyond the satisfaction of current wants.

Throughout the various experiments of the trade, indeed, there appears to have been a notable degree of apathy all round, neither sellers nor buyers caring to do more than was absolutely necessary to prevent stagnation.

The general market continues to exhibit the same outward look of strength that has all along characterized it since the commencement of our late peculiar experience, but the indications of heaviness and uncertainty everywhere else are observable here in the diminished sales and absence of bustling movement usually noticeable in the closing month of autumn. But, whilst the wonder is not that so little is done, but that so much can be done when every thing seems to be upside down, and all the great industrial interests of the country are in a state of demoralization. We are not enjoying a spirited demand for our various tobacco staples, nor even a profitable one, but we are having what some other large industries at this time have not, and that is a steady trade in each and all of them, and this without experiencing an yet, to an appreciable extent, the inconvenience resulting from declining values. This can be said of hardly any other great interest. — *Tobacco Leaf Nov. 12th.*

It may truly be said that the nice distinctions between right and wrong, were never more completely obliterated than now, and that there never was a time in human history, when villainy met with so ready applause, and when it found as friendly a shield in the venality of juries, or as safe a refuge in the depravity of public opinion.

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There is great activity in the Navy Yards, and it is shown that the Navy is in better condition than was supposed. The National Republican compliments Secretary Robinson for his quiet efficiency, and gives a list of vessels ready for sea at a days notice.

A number of vessels have been ordered to join the South Atlantic Squadron, to rendezvous at Havana; among them, the Franklin, Winfield, Kansas, Osceola, and Yantic. Large stores of coal are collected at Key West.

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THIRTY DAYS!!

GREAT BARGAINS!!!

OWING to the trouble in the Money Market,

STOCK OF GOODS

I have just got in, which was bought before the

PANIC CAME ON.

I will offer great inducements for MONEY, be-

ginning on

Wednesday 23rd Oct.

FOR

80 DAYS.

Your money will buy more G. O. O. D. S. than

at any time since the war. Will offer everything

DOWN FOR MONEY.

If you bring BARTER, I will take it at

CASH PRICES.

I have the finest lot of

Men's Wear

Yet offered in this Market:

Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds

Of every description. Now is the time to buy in

WINTER CLOTHING.

The most elegant line of

SHAWLS

That Orange has looked at, and more of them.

The best Stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

I have had since I have been in business. My

S T O C K

is complete. Just filled up, with everything. I

will make it to the interest of all to call and look.

An elegant line of

Boots & Shoes.

I have been absent about six weeks and am de-

termined to catch up in the next

THIRTY DAYS,

beginning on the 23rd October. It will pay

Alamance, Cane, Person and Granville,

To give me a call. Bring Money if you want to carry away all you want.

\$10,000 worth of GOODS on EXHIBITION. \$10,000

will be sold.

C. M. PARKS,

BRICK STORE.

Oct. 22nd 1873.

Hillsboro.

W. W. KERCHNER.

27, 28 and 29 North Water St.

29. Jan. Wilmington, N. C.

AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

No. 1207 Main Street,

Sept. 25 3m. Richmond, Va.

Baughman Bros & Co.,

1319 Main Street,

RICHMOND, VA.

Manufacturers and Dealers in eve-

ry Variety of

Papers, Twines, Envelopes,

AND

General Stationery.

A Grand Victory over every Competitor

in the World.

THE following cable Dispatch from Vienna ex-

plains itself:

Vienna, Austria, Aug. 15 '73.

W. G. WILSON, President,

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 18, 1863.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the RECORDER for 1873.  
For 1 year \$2.00  
" 6 months \$1.50  
Clubs of six or more, each subscriber \$2.00.  
Payments always in advance.  
Job printing done neatly, cheaply and promptly.

Business cards neatly printed at this office.

Blanks of various kinds for sale at this office.

See first and fourth pages for advertisements.

Items are scarce this week.

Credit should have been given last week to the New York Tobacco Leaf to the Market News headed "Tobacco." It was intended, but omitted by the compositor.

Wheat seedling is abruptly closed. Those who have been anxious enough to delay, or who have been unfortunately compelled to do so, must now forgo the operation altogether, at least with any prospect of advantage.

The crowd in town on Saturday had a cheery look, and the pleasant faces seen on the streets seemed at war with all ideas of panic and depression. Yet there is no doubt that money is more than unusually scarce here as elsewhere, though business is brisker than could be expected.

Snow Storm.

The thunder storm of Sunday night which was accompanied with much rain, was followed on Monday by a furious snow storm which began at 2 o'clock p.m., and continued until after dark. We do not remember even in the depths of winter to have seen the snow fall more heavily, and if the ground had been in condition, the accumulation would have been very considerable. As it is, the unusual sight is presented in November of the ground robed in white, and the evergreens bowed down with their heavy burden.

Accident to Maj. J. W. Graham.

On Saturday afternoon while Maj. Graham was walking through his unfinished residence, in passing over the first floor, he stepped upon an unfastened plank which gave way and precipitated him into the cellar below. The fall was about eleven feet, and the flooring of brick, and of course the concussion was severe. One of his ankles is sprained, and he received severe contusions and bruises which up to the present time have confined him to the bed. It is believed that the injuries are by means serious, though accompanied with much suffering.

Christian Advocate.

This valuable Journal makes its appearance in an entirely new dress. There is no paper among our exchanges which we welcome with more pleasure, because, however we may disagree upon strictly sectarian ideas, there is such a high-toned catholic sentiment in all its inferences, and such intellectual ability, and at the same time such a lively appreciation of secular affairs, places the Advocate in the front rank of journals in the State.

Distinction.

We noticed with much pleasure among the names of those who achieved high honors at the Bingham School, the name of our young Townsman Robert Strudwick.

A Fine Opportunity.

If the times were more propitious, we would call attention to the fine mill site just on the edge of the corporate limits, owned by Dr. P. Jones, and which is a tempting opportunity for capitalism. It is on Eno River, at the foot of one of the main streets, and is one of the best water powers on this part of the river. Seventy years ago it was known as Mallett's mill, but since that time it has been disused, yet without lowering a particle of its original value. For a cotton mill site it is unequalled, and since Orange is becoming a cotton County, and since a factory would be within three hundred yards of the station, the facilities for manufacturing will be nearly as great as those enjoyed by the granite Mills on Haw River; quite as great in fact, except in volume of water.

We hope the scheme will attract attention.

Statesville Intelligencer.

Mr. F. H. Pendleton has become associated with Mr. C. B. Jones in the publication of the Statesville Intelligencer. This Journal is already a most excellent, well edited, and useful paper.

Fry's Bitters.

We believe there is a general and reasonable belief that the advertised bitters are generally innocuous. We think an exception may be made in favor of Elyan's Peruvian Bitters, for Chills, Dyspepsia, Debility, &c. They are well known in Danville, where they originated, and have the voluntary endorsement of the whole medical faculty.

We are induced to call attention to them from their happy effect upon the wife of our foreman in a recent case of illness. For sale by Dr. O. Hooker.

Rufus Morgan, the well known photographic artist, has recently married a daughter of the Hon. W. H. Clark.

Books & Pictures wanted.

We have received the circular of the above Institution, which goes into operation on the second Monday in January 1874. It is a Classical, Mathematical, Scientific and Military Academy, with the following corps of officers:

J. H. Horner, A. M. Instructor in Ancient Languages, Mathematics, and English branches.

R. H. Graves, A. M. Mathematics Natural Sciences, and English branches.

A. W. Venable Jr. (from Poughkeepsie Commercial College,) Penmanship and Book-keeping.

An Instructor of Ancient Languages, German and English branches is yet to be appointed.

The establishment of the School here is therefore beyond peradventure, and the character of the gentlemen who compose its faculty ensure its success beyond a doubt.

In the whole course of our observation we do not remember an enterprise of the kind engaged in under such happy auspices. We know nowhere gentlemen more competent to undertake the guidance of youth, whether from intellectual, and educational endowments, high moral worth, or fine social position, and we know no place that could have been selected which combines the advantages of health, accessibility and economy, together with the character of a cultivated society and the amplest religious privileges.

In the removal of the School from Oxford, where it had attained a high reputation, to Hillsboro, the Principals will greatly enlarge their means of usefulness, and add materially to the character of their institution. The corps is enlarged by the addition of gentlemen of competence in their departments, and the curriculum has been much expanded.

The Military feature, adopted from that of Col. Tew is a decided gain, in adding not only to the physical powers of the pupils, but also as a powerful promoter of system and discipline, while at the same time, it will not be permitted to interfere with the scholastic duties of the school.

It is not to be doubted that the people of the State and of the South will appreciate these advantages, and more than sustain the patronage extended to the School at Oxford.

The people of Hillsboro are to be gratified upon such an accession—an accession which will be felt in many ways, and principally in the restoration of that beacon light which made our town once the focus of intellectual brightness. It will be felt also in the vivifying of many small streams of prosperity, by which the whole surrounding population, as well as that of the town will be benefited.

We suppose the details of the peculiar will be communicated through our columns hereafter.

The Monitory Crisis.

I have just received a large Stock of Goods bought at panic prices, which will be said lower than you can buy elsewhere.

Would call your attention, especially to my Stock of Boots and Shoes, also to goods for Men and Boys wear. A good assortment of the best Prints, and Worked Goods, Shawls &c. &c.

Don't be induced to buy until you see my goods and prices, and you'll find that this is the place to buy cheap. Thankful for past favors. T. D. TINNIN.

Nov. 19th, 4.

Correspondence of the Recorder.

Nov. 4th, 1873.

MY DEAR SIR: In your paper of Oct 29th I noticed an article from the able pen of Gen. Clingman, giving a history of the part taken by the 8th N. C. Regiment at the battle of Manassas. The same article was published in "Our Living and Our Dead," but I only heard it read, and sent a reply correcting some errors, which I will point out, and request you to publish the same. As I have the letter from Gen. Clingman before me now, and upon reading it carefully I find I have nothing to retract in my reply to its first publication.

I would not notice the letter through the public prints, if it was not to the Justice to a gallant officer, and relieve him from the unpleasant position in which he is placed by Gen. Clingman. I have reference to Lt. Col. Lightfoot, a citizen of Orange, and residing at Hillsboro in the commencement of the war, I do not wish to pluck a single laurel from the brow of the gallant Fisher, for I yield to no man in admiration of his bravery, and love and affection for his noble qualities.

I yield to Gen. Clingman that everything he states with two or three exceptions was correct, even to the position and handling of the enemy's guns, and the conversation of Capt. Ricketts, for he repeated the same to myself after he was a prisoner, and had he failed to mention Col. Lightfoot's name as he failed to mention that of your humble servant I should not have noticed it at all.

Orange furnished two companies for the 8th Regiment, and those two companies were in the action at Manassas, and I claim first that it was an Orange County Company commanded by Capt. Freedman of Durham, that first into Capt. Ricketts' Battery, and disabled it at Manassas. Secondly, that Lt. Col. Lightfoot, and Major Webb, two field officers of the 8th were in the action from the time the Regt. went into battle the enemy were driven across Bull Run.

Thirdly, I claim that the regiment after capturing the enemy's guns, being huddled up without any foundation, were forced to retire by the heavy fire of the enemy in front, and Col. Lightfoot on the

rest of the hill gave the order to fall back, and that Lt. Col. Lightfoot, and myself rallied about two hundred men, forward on the right of Kirby Smith, and repulsed the field that night.

In this I am correct, Col. Lightfoot sent me the next morning with Lieut Evans Turner of Hillsboro and a small detail to go back, and look after our dead and wounded. Col. Lightfoot could not be prevailed on to make an official report of the action to the State.

I feel grateful to Gen. C. for the high compliment he pays the 8th Regt. I have always contended, (and did so a few days after the battle to Col. Wilcox who commanded the enemy's Infantry, and who was wounded, and captured with Capt. Ricketts) that our Regt. the 8th, had turned the tide of battle and saved the day. As regards Col. Lightfoot's criticism on Col. Fisher's movements, I have nothing to say; he never gave that as a reason for not making an official report. I will mention again that Col. Lightfoot was not only in the action but was wounded.

Tobacco Market.

We are sorry we are unable to give our tobacco planters any consolatory information about this staple. Everything is still at a dead lock, and there is no movement in any market. Richmond must be the first to move, and Richmond still stands.

The Egulier of the 16th says, "We can give no regular quotations, as none such, in the present state of the market exist." Such being the case in Richmond, Danville must wait, and while Danville waits, so must most of the planters, because the smaller markets cannot venture to resume a business which the larger ones hesitate to take hold of. An attempt is made in Milton to open the market in the basis of barter, which is highly commendable, as subserving a great public convenience; still the effects of that operation are local and limited.

We will be prompt to give the earliest information, and to sound the first cheering notes of encouragement to our friends. See remarks of N. Y. Tobacco Leaf in another column.

STATE ITEMS.

The Sentinel says there is not a dollar in the State Treasury, and but six out of the ninety five Sheriffs have settled.

News says a young man by the name of Emory, living in the Northwest part of Wake, while returning from a day's shooting, was shot by a companion, and desperately wounded, the whole charge passing through his body. Didn't know it was loaded, you know.

News: The Secretary of the Agricultural Society has already paid out \$4,000 in premiums awarded at the State Fair, and there is yet about \$1,200 due on the list, which is in the hands of the Treasurer, and will be paid out on publication.

We would caution the public against all imitations of our preparation, either in name, or style of putting up.

TERRY DAVIS & SON.

MANF'S & PROPS.  
136 High St., Providence, R. I.  
111 Seymour St., Cincinnati, O.  
372 St. Paul St., Montreal, Canada.  
17 Southampton Row, London, England.

WIL STAR: The store house of Col. W. C. Smith near New Forestville Anson Co. was recently destroyed by fire, together with 22,000 pounds seed cotton, flour, bacon, &c. The fire was accidental. Last year Col. S. lost valuable mills, tannery &c. entailing a loss of \$15,000.

Col. Ham Jones of Charlotte, and Senator from Mecklenburg, was recently united in marriage to Miss Connie, daughter of W. R. Myers of Charlotte, and Mr. Kerr Craig, Member of the House from Rowan has just married Miss Josephine Branch, daughter of the late Genl. L. O'B. Branch of Raleigh. Happy fellows.

Salisbury Watchman: An Indian burying ground has been found near the Trading Ford. One of the skeletons measured off, 7 inches from crown to heel. Out of sixteen skulls examined, there was not a decayed tooth found. Stone hatchets knives &c. were found.

Mr. Samuel Reeves one of the best citizens of Rowan is dead. He was about 72 years of age.

On Sunday 2,600 bales of cotton passed through Charlotte on the Piedmont Air Line. It was shipped from Memphis direct to Liverpool via Norfolk.

News: The cotton gin of Mr. M. A. Bledsoe, about a mile and a half from Raleigh, was burnt on Sunday evening, "no doubt the work of an incendiary. One of the presses was entirely new, and the loss is estimated at between \$3,500, and \$5,000.

The Southern Home has received a letter from John B. Wyatt, the father of Henry Wyatt the first martyr to the Confederate cause, and the only man killed at Bethel, written from the Pitt County Poor House. Will the people of North Carolina suffer that?

The Rev Dr. Wheat, formerly a Professor at Chapel Hill, but of late years a resident of Tennessee, recently took charge of St Barnabas Church at Greensboro. He has just resigned that charge, and returns to Tennessee again.

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# Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY NOV. 19, 1873.

## THE RECORDER.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY  
J. D. CAMERON.

At 25¢ per month, or 30¢ for six months—  
varably in advance.

### TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inscribed at 21¢ a square for the first insertion, and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS OF SPECIAL CONTRACT.

1 square 2 months \$15—6 months \$12—12 months \$18  
2 squares 3 months \$18—6 months \$22—12 months \$26  
Half columns 3 months \$25—6 months \$35—12 months \$50  
columns 3 months \$45—6 months \$60—12 months \$80

THE

## The North Carolina Home INSURANCE CO.

OF  
RALEIGH, N. C.

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise,  
AND

All Classes of Insurable Property,  
AGAINST

Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most  
Favorable Terms.

ITS Stockholders are predominantly interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the State.

All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of Losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina.

Encourage Home Institutions.

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President.  
C. B. ROOT, Vice President.  
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.

P. COWPER, Supervisor.  
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.  
RALEIGH, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA

## STATE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

CAPITAL. \$200,000

OFFICERS :

Hon. Kemp P. Battle, President.  
W. C. Clegg, Vice President.  
W. H. Hicks, Secretary.  
Dr. E. H. Haywood, Med. Director.  
Dr. W. L. Royster, Asst. Med. Director.

J. B. Hatchett, Attorney.  
O. H. Perry, Supervising Agent.

DIRECTORS :

Hon. Kemp P. Battle, Hon. T. B. Caldwell, Hon. W. H. Hicks, Hon. W. C. Clegg, Dr. E. H. Haywood, Dr. W. L. Royster, Asst. Dr. W. L. Royster, Atty. J. B. Hatchett, O. H. Perry, Supervising Agent.

FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

It is emphatically a HOME Company.  
Its large capital guarantees strength and safety.  
Its rates are as low as those of any first-class  
company.

It offers all desirable forms of insurance.

Its funds are invested AT HOME and circulate  
among OUR OWN PEOPLE.

No unnecessary restrictions imposed upon re-  
sidence or travel.

Policies NON-FORFEITABLE after TWO  
years.

Its officers and directors are prominent, and  
well-known North Carolinians, whose experience  
as business men, and whose worth and integrity  
are ample guarantees of the Company's  
strength, solvency and success.

Prop. Mr. A. W. Graham, Agent, Hillsboro.

H. A. LONDON Jr.,  
Gen'l. District Agent.

July 9, 1873.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK.

OF  
NORTH CAROLINA.

Paid in Capital \$500,000.

Designated Depository of the United States  
and Financial Agent.

W. H. WILLARD, President.

C. D. WYATT, Cashier.

Make collections in any part of the country at  
our rates.

DIRECTORS:

C. Dewey, W. H. Willard, A. S. Merrimon,  
R. S. Tucker, W. J. Hawkins, A. G. Lee,  
W. G. Upchurch.

Nov. 25th 1873.

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Authorized Capital \$500,000.

JAS. TURNER TATE, President.

THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.

F. H. DEWEY, Asst. Cashier.

AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF

TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General  
Assembly, and duly organized under laws  
of the state of North Carolina, with ample means,  
is prepared to transact.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check  
and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement,

on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of  
Deposits bearing interest at the rate of

Eight per Cent per Annum,

or all amounts left on hand over thirty days.

or all amounts left on hand over thirty days.

Notes Bought and Paid.

THOS. W. DEWEY.

Gen'l. Agent.

Jan. 19, 1873.



### Grandest Scheme Ever Known. FOURTH GRAND GIFT CONCERT FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

12,000 CASH GIFTS \$1,000,000.

\$250,000 for Fifty.

THE Fourth Grand Gift Concert will be held by special act of the Legislature for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, will take place in the State Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky.

Wednesday, December 3d, 1873.

Only fifty thousand tickets will be sold. The tickets will divide into ten companies of parts.

At this concert, which will be the grand annual display ever witnessed in this country, the unprecedented sum of

\$1,000,000.

divided into 12,000 cash gifts, will be distributed by lot among the ticket holders.

LIST OF GIFTS:

1 Grand Cash Gift \$250,000

1 Grand Cash Gift 100,000

1 Grand Cash Gift 50,000

1 Grand Cash Gift 25,000

1 Grand Cash Gift 17,500

10 cash gifts \$10,000 each \$100,000

30 cash gifts 5,000 each 150,000

50 cash gifts 1,000 each 50,000

80 cash gifts 500 each 40,000

100 cash gifts 400 each 40,000

150 cash gifts 300 each 45,000

250 cash gifts 200 each 50,000

325 cash gifts 100 each 32,500

11,000 cash gifts 50 each 550,000

Total 12,000 Gifts, all Cash  
amounting to \$1,000,000.

The distribution will be positive, whether all  
the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts will  
paid in proportion to the tickets sold.

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets \$50; Halfs \$25; Tenths  
or each Cents, \$5; Eleven whole Tickets  
for \$300; 22; Tickets for \$100; 113  
whole Tickets for \$3,000; 227 whole Tickets  
for \$10,000. No discount on less than  
500 worth of Tickets at a time.

Tickets now ready for sale, and all orders accom-  
panied by the money promptly filled. Lib-  
eral terms given to those who buy to sell again.

HOSE BRAMLETTE,

Agent Pub Lib Co., and Manager Gif Concert,  
Library Building, Louisville Ky.

### Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

For all the purposes of a Laxative  
Medicine.

For Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Head-  
ache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs,  
Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour  
Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in  
the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpi-  
tation of the Heart, Inflammation of the  
Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kid-  
neys, and a hundred other painful sym-  
ptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

One bottle will prove a better guarantee of  
its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White  
Swelling, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck,  
Gout, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent  
Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old  
Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sour Eyes, etc.  
In these, as in all other constitutional Dis-  
eases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have  
shown their great curative powers in the  
most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic  
Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent,  
Intermittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of  
the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these  
Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases as  
are caused by Vitiated Blood.

For Mechanical Diseases—Persons eng-  
aged in Paints and Minerals, such as  
Plumbers, Type-setters, Glass-blowers, and  
Miners, as they advance in life, are subject  
to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard  
against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINE-  
GAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter-  
ing, Salt-Skin, Blistering, Spots, Pimpls,  
Pustules, Blisters, Carbuncles, Ring-worm,  
Scalp-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch,  
Scars, Discolorations of the Skin, Ulcers and  
Diseases of the Skin of whatever name  
or nature, are literally dug up and carried  
out of the system in a short time by the  
use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms,

lurking in the system of so many thousands,  
are effectually destroyed and removed. No  
system of medicine, no vermifuges, no an-  
tiseptics will free the system from worms  
like these Bitters.

It offers all desirable forms of insurance.

Its funds are invested AT HOME and circulate  
among OUR OWN PEOPLE.

No unnecessary restrictions imposed upon re-  
sidence or travel.

Policies NON-FORFEITABLE after TWO  
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This Bank Chartered under Act of the General  
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of the state of North Carolina, with ample means,  
is prepared to transact.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check  
and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement,

on all Deposits left on